2008/2007:

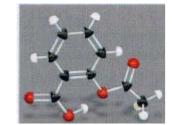
: 3:

الفرض المحروس الثاني للثلاثي الثاني

الموضوع الأول:

.2

 $C_9H_8O_4$



. HA . .1

V = 100,0 mL $.C = 5,00 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol.L}^{-1}$

. $x_{\acute{e}q}$ K .3

 $x_{\text{éq}}$ 25°C $K = 3.2 \times 10^{-4}$.4

. pH .5

الموضوع الثاني :

 $V_B = 10.0 \text{ mL}$ $C_A = 5.0 \text{ mmol.L}^{-1}$ $V_A = 20.0 \text{ mL}$

.4,9 pH $.C_B = C_A$

 $.OH^{-}(aq) C_2H_5CO_2H(aq) .1$

. .2

. OH-

•

-

. K .3

:

 $pK_A(C_2H_5CO_2H/C_2H_5CO_2^-) = 4.9$; $pK_A(H_2O/HO^-) = 14.0$

:

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$$AH + H_2O = A^- + H_3O^+$$
: .1

$$K = Q_{r,éq} = \frac{[A^-].[H_3O^+]}{[AH]}$$
:

.2 :xéq

	AH	+ H ₂ O	=	A - +	- H ₃ O ⁺	
(mol)x	(mol)					
0	C.V			0	0	
X	C.V - x			X	X	
Xéq	C.V - x _{éq}		Xé	éq	Xéq	

$$\begin{split} &n(A^{\text{-}})_{\acute{e}q} = n(H_3O^{\text{+}})_{\acute{e}q} = x_{\acute{e}q} \\ &n(AH)_{\acute{e}q} = C.V - x_{\acute{e}q} \end{split}$$

V

$$[A^{-}]_{\acute{e}q} = [H_{3}O^{+}]_{\acute{e}q} = \frac{x_{\acute{e}q}}{V}$$

$$[AH]_{\acute{e}q} = C - \frac{x_{\acute{e}q}}{V}$$

$$K = \frac{X_{\text{éq}}}{[AH]}$$
 :

$$K = \frac{\left(\frac{x_{\text{éq}}}{V}\right)^{2}}{\left(C - \frac{x_{\text{éq}}}{V}\right)} : \qquad 2 \qquad [AH]_{\text{éq}} \quad [A^{-}]_{\text{éq}} \quad [H_{3}O^{+}]$$

$$\times K = \frac{\left(\frac{X_{\text{éq}}}{0,1}\right)^2}{\left(5 \times 10^{-3} - \frac{X_{\text{éq}}}{0,1}\right)} = \frac{100x_{\text{éq}}^2}{5 \times 10^{-3} - 10x} :$$
 C V

 $100x_{\text{\'eq}}^2 + 10K.x_{\text{\'eq}} - 5.10^{-3}K = 0 :$

$$100x_{\text{\'eq}}^{2} + 3.2.10^{-3}.x_{\text{\'eq}} - 6.4.10^{-6} = 0$$

$$\Delta = (3,2.10^{-3})^2 + 4.1,6.10^{-6}.100 = 6,5.10^{-4} = \sqrt{\Delta} = 2,55.10^{-2}$$

$$\Delta = (3,2.10^{-3})^2 + 4.1,6.10^{-6}.100 = 6,5.10^{-4} => \sqrt{\Delta} = 2,55.10^{-2}$$

$$x_{\text{éq}} = \frac{-3,2 \times 10^{-3} - 2,55 \times 10^{-2}}{200} < 0 \text{ (}$$

$$x_{\text{éq}} = \frac{-3.2 \times 10^{-3} + 2.55 \times 10^{-2}}{200} = 1.11.10^{-4} \text{ mol}$$

.5 :рН

:2

$$[H_3O^+]_{\acute{e}q} = \frac{x_{\acute{e}q}}{V} = \frac{1,11.10^{-4}}{0.1} = 1,11.10^{-3} \, mol.L^{-1}$$

 $pH = -\log(1,11.10^{-3}) = 2,95 \implies pH = 2,95$

. 1

$$C_2H_5COOH + OH^- = C_2H_5COO^- + H_2O$$

. .2

	AH	+ OH =	= A ⁻ +	- H ₂ O		
(mol)x	(mol)					
0	$C_A.V_A$	$C_B.V_B$	0			
X	$C_A.V_A - x$	$C_B.V_B-x$	X			
Xéq	C _A .V _A - x _{éq}	$C_B.V_B$ - $x_{\acute{e}q}$	Xéq			

$$C_B.V_B - x_{max} = 0$$
: OH

$$x_{\text{max}} = 5.10^{-5} \text{ mol}$$
: $x_{\text{max}} = C_B.V_B = 5.10^{-3}.10.10^{-3}$

: $n(OH)_f$

$$pH = 4.9 => [H_3O^+] = 10^{-4.9} = 1.26.10^{-5}$$

$$K_{e} = [H_{3}O^{+}].[OH^{-}] => [OH^{-}] = \frac{K_{e}}{[H_{3}O^{+}]} = \frac{10^{-14}}{1,26.10^{-5}} = 7,94.10^{-10} \text{ mol.L}^{-1}$$

$$n(OH^{-})_f = [OH^{-}]_f .V = [OH^{-}].(V_A + V_B) = 7,94.10^{-10}.(20 + 10).10^{-3}$$

 $n(OH^{-})_f = 2,38.10^{-11} mol$

 $: X_f$

$$n(OH^{-})_f = C_B.V_B - x_f => x_f = C_B.V_B - n(OH^{-})_f$$

 $x_f = 5.10^{-3}.10.10^{-3} - 2,38.10^{-11}$
 $x_f \approx 5.10^{-5} \text{ mol}$

: τ

 $\tau = 1$.

.3 : K

:
$$[H_3O^+]$$
 $K = \frac{[A^-]}{[AH].[OH^-]}$:

$$K = \frac{[A^{-}].[H_{3}O^{+}]}{[AH]} \times \frac{1}{[OH^{-}].[H_{3}O^{+}]} = \frac{K_{A}}{K_{e}} = \frac{10^{-pKa}}{10^{-14}}$$

$$1,26.10^9 > 10^4 \frac{10^{-4,9}}{10^{-14}} = K =$$